

1 Intertemporal Trade and the Current Account Balance

$$U_1^i = u(c_1^i) + \beta u(c_2^i), \quad 0 < \beta < 1. \quad (1)$$

$$c_1^i + \frac{c_2^i}{1+r} = y_1^i + \frac{y_2^i}{1+r}. \quad (2)$$

$$\max_{c_1^i} u(c_1^i) + \beta u[(1+r)(y_1^i - c_1^i) + y_2^i].$$

$$u'(c_1^i) = (1 + r)\beta u'(c_2^i), \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{\beta u'(c_2^i)}{u'(c_1^i)} = \frac{1}{1 + r}. \quad (4)$$

$$\bar{c}^i = \frac{[(1 + r)y_1^i + y_2^i]}{2 + r}. \quad (5)$$

$$CA_t = B_{t+1} - B_t = Y_t + r_t B_t - C_t, \quad (6)$$

$$\begin{aligned} CA_2 &= Y_2 + rB_2 - C_2 = Y_2 + r(Y_1 - C_1) - C_2 \\ &= -(Y_1 - C_1) = -B_2 = -CA_1, \end{aligned}$$

$$C_2 = Y_2 - (1 + r)(C_1 - Y_1).$$

$$\frac{\beta u'(Y_2)}{u'(Y_1)} = \frac{1}{1 + r^A}. \quad (7)$$

$$\frac{u'(Y_2)}{u'(Y_1)} = \frac{1 + r}{1 + r^A},$$

$$C_1 + \frac{C_2}{1+r} = Y_1 - G_1 + \frac{Y_2 - G_2}{1+r}. \quad (8)$$

$$CA_t = B_{t+1} - B_t = Y_t + r_t B_t - C_t - G_t.$$

$$\bar{C} = \frac{[(1+r)(\bar{Y} - G_1) + \bar{Y}]}{2+r} = \bar{Y} - \frac{(1+r)G_1}{2+r}.$$

$$CA_1 = \bar{Y} - \bar{C} - G_1 = -\frac{G_1}{2+r} < 0.$$

$$U_1 = \sum_{t=1}^T \beta^{t-1} u(C_t). \quad (9)$$

$$Y = F(K). \quad (10)$$

$$K_{t+1} = K_t + I_t. \quad (11)$$

$$B_{t+1} + K_{t+1} - (B_t + K_t) = Y_t + r_t B_t - C_t - G_t.$$

$$CA_t = B_{t+1} - B_t = Y_t + r_t B_t - C_t - G_t - I_t. \quad (12)$$

$$S_t \equiv Y_t + r_t B_t - C_t - G_t. \quad (13)$$

$$CA_t = S_t - I_t. \quad (14)$$

$$B_2 = Y_1 - C_1 - G_1 - I_1$$

$$-B_2 = Y_2 + rB_2 - C_2 - G_2 - I_2$$

$$C_1 + I_1 + \frac{C_2 + I_2}{1 + r} = Y_1 - G_1 + \frac{Y_2 - G_2}{1 + r}. \quad (15)$$

$$I_2 = K_3 - K_2 = 0 - K_2 = -K_2.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \max_{C_1, I_1} u(C_1) + \beta u \{ (1 + r) [F(K_1) - C_1 - G_1 - I_1] \\ + F(I_1 + K_1) - G_2 + I_1 + K_1 \}. \quad (16) \end{aligned}$$

$$F'(K_2) = r, \quad (17)$$

$$C_2 = F [K_1 + F(K_1) - C_1] + K_1 + F(K_1) - C_1. \quad (18)$$

$$\frac{dC_2}{dC_1} = -[1 + F'(K_2)].$$

$$Y_t + Y_t^* = C_t + C_t^*.$$

$$S_t + S_t^* = 0.$$

$$S_1 + S_1^* = 0. \tag{19}$$

$$r^A < r < r^{A*}.$$

$$\begin{aligned} d \log (1 + r) &= \frac{u'' (C_1)}{u' (C_1)} dC_1 - \frac{u'' (C_2)}{u' (C_2)} dC_2 \\ &= \frac{C_1 u'' (C_1)}{u' (C_1)} d \log C_1 - \frac{C_2 u'' (C_2)}{u' (C_2)} d \log C_2. \end{aligned} \tag{20}$$

$$\sigma(C) = -\frac{u'(C)}{Cu''(C)}. \quad (21)$$

$$d \log \left(\frac{C_2}{C_1} \right) = \sigma d \log(1 + r).$$

$$u(C) = \frac{C^{1-\frac{1}{\sigma}}}{1-\frac{1}{\sigma}}, \quad \sigma > 0. \quad (22)$$

$$u'(C_1) = (1+r)\beta u' [(1+r)(Y_1 - C_1) + Y_2].$$

$$\frac{dC_1}{dr} = \frac{\beta u'(C_2) + \beta(1+r)u''(C_2)(Y_1 - C_1)}{u''(C_1) + \beta(1+r)^2 u''(C_2)}. \quad (23)$$

$$\frac{dC_1}{dr} = \frac{(Y_1 - C_1) - \sigma C_2 / (1+r)}{1+r + (C_2/C_1)}. \quad (24)$$

$$C_2 = (1+r)^\sigma \beta^\sigma C_1. \quad (25)$$

$$C_1 = \frac{1}{1 + (1+r)^{\sigma-1} \beta^\sigma} \left(Y_1 + \frac{Y_2}{1+r} \right). \quad (26)$$

$$Y = AF(K), \quad Y^* = A^*F^*(K^*),$$

$$u'(C_1) = (1+r)\beta u' \left\{ (1+r)[A_1F(K_1) - C_1 - I_1] \right. \\ \left. + A_2F(K_1 + I_1) + K_1 + I_1 \right\}$$

$$\frac{dC_1}{dr} =$$

$$\frac{\beta u'(C_2) + \beta(1+r)u''(C_2) \left\{ [A_1F(K_1) - C_1 - I_1] + [A_2F'(K_1 + I_1) - r] \frac{\partial I_1}{\partial r} \right\}}{u''(C_1) + \beta(1+r)^2u''(C_2)},$$

$$\frac{dC_1}{dr} = \frac{(Y_1 - C_1 - I_1) - \sigma C_2 / (1 + r)}{1 + r + (C_2 / C_1)},$$

$$Y_1 + Y_1^* = C_1 + C_1^* + I_1 + I_1^*$$

$$S_1 + S_1^* = I_1 + I_1^*.$$

$$CA_1 + CA_1^* = 0.$$

$$\left. \frac{dI_1}{dA_2} \right|_{r \text{ constant}} = -\frac{F'(K_2)}{A_2 F''(K_2)} > 0.$$

$$I_1 + I_1^* = (A_2 \alpha / r)^{1/(1-\alpha)} - K_1.$$

$$\left. dr \right|_{I+I^* \text{ constant}} = r \frac{dA_2}{A_2} = r \hat{A}_2,$$

$$S_1 + S_1^* = \frac{\beta}{1 + \beta} A_1 F(K_1) + \frac{1}{1 + \beta} \left[K_2 - K_1 - \frac{A_2 F(K_2) + K_2}{1 + r} \right].$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{-1}{1 + \beta} \left[\frac{F(K_2)}{1 + r} dA_2 - \frac{A_2 F(K_2) + K_2}{(1 + r)^2} dr \right] \\
&= \frac{-1}{1 + \beta} \left[\frac{A_2 F(K_2)}{1 + r} \hat{A}_2 - \frac{A_2 F(K_2) + K_2}{(1 + r)^2} dr \right] \\
&= d(S_1 + S_1^*) = 0.
\end{aligned}$$

$dr|_{S+S^* \text{ constant}}$

$$= (1 + r) \frac{A_2 F(K_2)}{A_2 F(K_2) + K_2} \hat{A}_2$$

$$= (1 + r) \frac{A_2^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}} \left(\frac{\alpha}{r}\right)^{\frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha}}}{A_2^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}} \left(\frac{\alpha}{r}\right)^{\frac{\alpha}{1-\alpha}} + A_2^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}} \left(\frac{\alpha}{r}\right)^{\frac{1}{1-\alpha}}} \hat{A}_2$$

$$= \frac{1 + r}{1 + \frac{\alpha}{r}} \hat{A}_2 > r \hat{A}_2 = dr|_{I+I^* \text{ constant}} \cdot$$

$$R \equiv \frac{1}{1 + r}$$

$$C_2^H(R, U_1) = E_R(R, U_1). \quad (27)$$

$$E(R, U_1) = Y_1 + RY_2.$$

$$E_R dR + E_U dU_1 = Y_2 dR,$$

$$E_U \frac{dU_1}{dR} = Y_2 - C_2^H(R, U_1) = Y_2 - C_2. \quad (28)$$

$$W_1 \equiv Y_1 + RY_2.$$

$$C_1(R, W_1) = \frac{W_1}{1 + \beta^\sigma R^{1-\sigma}} = \frac{Y_1 + RY_2}{1 + \beta^\sigma R^{1-\sigma}},$$

$$C_1 [R, E(R, U_1)] = C_1^H(R, U_1). \quad (29)$$

$$\frac{\partial C_1(R, W_1)}{\partial R} = \frac{\partial C_1^H(R, U_1)}{\partial R} - \frac{\partial C_1}{\partial W_1} C_2. \quad (30)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dC_1(R, W_1)}{dR} &= \frac{\partial C_1(R, W_1)}{\partial R} + \frac{\partial C_1(R, W_1)}{\partial W_1} \frac{dW_1}{dR} \\ &= \frac{\partial C_1^H(R, U_1)}{\partial R} + \frac{\partial C_1(R, W_1)}{\partial W_1} (Y_2 - C_2). \end{aligned} \quad (31)$$

$$C_1^H(R, U_1) = \left[\frac{\left(1 - \frac{1}{\sigma}\right) U_1}{1 + \beta^\sigma R^{1-\sigma}} \right]^{\frac{\sigma}{\sigma-1}}.$$

$$\frac{dC_1}{dR} = \sigma \frac{\beta^\sigma R^{-\sigma}}{1 + \beta^\sigma R^{1-\sigma}} C_1 + \frac{1}{1 + \beta^\sigma R^{1-\sigma}} (Y_2 - C_2).$$

$$\frac{dC_1}{dR} = (\sigma - 1) \frac{\beta^\sigma R^{-\sigma}}{1 + \beta^\sigma R^{1-\sigma}} C_1 + \frac{1}{1 + \beta^\sigma R^{1-\sigma}} Y_2.$$

$$S_1^*(r) = Y_1^* - C_1^*(r) = \frac{\beta^*}{1 + \beta^*} Y_1^* \frac{1}{(1 + \beta^*)(1 + r)} Y_2^*$$

$$1 + r = \frac{Y_2^*}{(1 + \beta^*)(Y_1 - C_1) + \beta^* Y_1^*}.$$

$$C_2 = Y_2 + \frac{Y_2^*}{(1 + \beta^*)(Y_1 - C_1) + \beta^* Y_1^*} (Y_1 - C_1). \quad (32)$$

$$\left. \frac{dC_2}{dC_1} \right|_{C_1=Y_1} = -\frac{Y_2^*}{\beta Y_1^*} = -(1 + r^{A*})$$

$$Y = F(K, L). \tag{33}$$

$$Y = F(K, L) = F_K(K, L)K + F_L(K, L)L \tag{34}$$

$$F_K(K, L) = f'(k), \tag{35}$$

$$F_L(K, L) = f(k) - f'(k)k. \quad (36)$$

$$Y_2 = F(K_2, L_2),$$

$$C_1 = Y_1 - K_2,$$

$$C_2 = L_2 f(K_2/L_2) - w(L_2 - L^H) + K_2.$$

$$\max_{K_2, L_2} u(Y_1 - K_2)$$

$$+ \beta u [L_2 f(K_2/L_2) - w(L_2 - L^H) + K_2]$$

$$u'(C_1) = \beta[1 + f'(k_2)]u'(C_2), \quad (37)$$

$$w = f(k_2) - f'(k_2)k_2, \quad (38)$$

$$C_2 = F(Y_1 - C_1, L^H) + Y_1 - C_1.$$

$$C_2 = [1 + r(w)](Y_1 - C_1) + wL^H,$$

$$\begin{aligned}
Y_2 + K_2 &= F(K_2, L_2) + K_2 = [1 + r(w)]K_2 + wL_2 \\
&= \left[1 + r(w) + \frac{w}{k(w)} \right] (Y_1 - C_1).
\end{aligned}$$

$$S_1(r) + S_1^*(r) = I_1(r) + I_1^*(r).$$

$$S_1'(r) + S_1^{*'}(r) - I_1'(r) - I_1^{*'}(r) > 0. \quad (39)$$

$$IM_1 = \left(\frac{1}{1+r} \right) EX_2,$$

$$\frac{d}{dr} \left[\left(\frac{1}{1+r} \right) IM_2^*(r) - IM_1(r) \right] > 0. \quad (40)$$

$$\zeta \equiv -\frac{(1+r)IM_1'(r)}{IM_1(r)}, \quad \zeta^* \equiv \frac{(1+r)IM_2^{*'}(r)}{IM_2^*(r)}$$

$$\zeta + \zeta^* > 1. \quad (41)$$

Table 1.1 GNP versus GDP for Selected Countries, 1990 (dollars per capita)

Country	GDP	GNP	Percent Difference
Australia	17,327	17,000	-1.9
Brazil	2,753	2,680	-2.7
Canada	21,515	20,470	-4.9
Saudi Arabia	5,429	7,050	29.9
Singapore	11,533	11,160	-3.2
United Arab Emirates	17,669	19,860	12.4
United States	21,569	21,790	1.0

Source: World Bank, World Development Report 1992.

Table 1.2 Japan's Gross Saving and Investment
During the Russo-Japanese War (fraction of GDP)

Year	Saving/GDP	Investment/GDP
1903	0.131	0.136
1904	0.074	0.120
1905	0.058	0.168
1906	0.153	0.164

Table 1.3 Industrial Country Net Immigration (average per year, as a percent of labor force)

Country	1870–1913	1914–49	1950–73	1974–87
Australia	0.96	0.74	2.06	1.14
Belgium	0.15	0.16	0.34	−0.02
Canada	1.08	0.15	1.35	0.50
France	0.11	−0.03	0.75	0.11
Germany	−0.48	−0.08	1.12	0.26
Italy	−0.64	−0.25	−0.41	0.17
Japan	n.a.	0.02	−0.01	−0.02
Netherlands	−0.18	−0.03	0.04	−0.02
Norway	−1.63	−0.33	0.00	0.30
Sweden	−0.92	0.06	0.38	0.28
Switzerland	0.07	−0.15	1.15	0.00
United Kingdom	−0.97	−0.24	−0.10	0.00
United States	1.38	0.35	0.47	0.51

Source: Maddison (1991) and OECD, *Labor Force Statistics*. The figures were calculated by dividing Maddison’s average net immigration series by labor force membership as of 1890, 1929, 1960, and 1981.

Table 1.4 Gross Saving as a Percent of GDP (period average)

Country Group	1973–80	1981–87	1988–94
Industrial	23.5	20.9	20.5
Fuel exporting	42.0	20.2	19.7
Nonfuel developing	22.4	22.9	26.2

Source: International Monetary Fund, *World Economic Outlook*, October 1995.